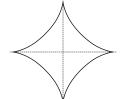
PILOT LEARNING CALCULUS II ENGINEERING PROBLEM-SET 6 FALL 2019

- (1) Find an equation of the tangent to the curve at the point corresponding to the given value of the parameter.
 - (a) $x = t \cos t$; $y = t \sin t$; $t = \pi$

(b) $x = 1 + 4t - t^2$; $y = 2 - t^3$; t = 1

- (2) Find dy/dx and d^2y/dx^2 . For witch values of t is the curve concave upward?
 - (a) $x = t^2 + 1; y = e^t 1$
 - (b) $x = 2 \sin t; \ y = 3 \cos t; \ 0 < t < 2\pi$
- (3) Find the points on the curve where the tangent is horizontal or vertical. You can check your work with a graphing software.
 - (a) $x = e^{\sin \theta}; y = e^{\cos \theta}$
 - (b) $x = t^3 3t$; $y = t^2 3$; $0 < t < 2\pi$
- (4) Consider the astroid

 $x = a\cos^3\theta$ $y = a\sin^3\theta$



- (a) Find the slope of the tangent to the astroid in terms of θ .
- (b) At what points is the tangent horizontal or vertical?
- (c) At what points does the tangent have slope 1 or -1?

(d) Set up the integral to find the area of the region enclosed by the astroid.

(5) Find the length of the following parametric curves.

- (a) $x = 1 + 3t^2$; $y = 4 + 2t^3$; $0 \le t \le 1$
- (b) $x = 3\cos t \cos 3t; \ y = 3\sin t \sin 3t; \ 0 \le t \le \pi$